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| **Haitian Revolution** | http://b.quizlet.com/a/i/spacer.MzUH.gif(1791-1804) A period of brutal conflict in the French colony of Saint-Domingue, leading to the elimination of slavery and the establishment of Haiti as the first republic ruled by people of African ancestry. | Le Gal. Toussaint-L'Ouverture remettant au Gal anglais...Library of Congress Prints and Photographs Division |
| **Louisiana Purchase** | The acquisition by the United States of America in 1803. The land purchased doubled the size of the U.S. and opened the port of New Orleans. | Map of the Louisiana Purchase TerritoryDocs Teach |
| **http://b.quizlet.com/a/i/spacer.MzUH.gifImpressment** | The act of compelling men into a navy by force and without notice. | http://www.thewarof1812.com/Museum/Lesson5/lfive.pdf |
| **Chesapeake-Leopard Affair** | Event which occurred on June 22, 1807, the British warship HMS Leopard attacked and boarded the American frigate Chesapeake. | United StatesDocs Teach |
| **Thomas Jefferson** | The third President of the United States (1801-1809) and the principal author of the Declaration of Independence (1776). He was one of the most influential Founding Fathers, known for changing his strict constitutional views in order to purchase Louisiana. | Photograph of a Painting of Thomas JeffersonPicture: National Archives |
| **http://b.quizlet.com/a/i/spacer.MzUH.gifWar Hawks** | A term used to describe those who advocated waging war against the British in the War of 1812. Example: John C. Calhoun | Hon. John C. Calhoun, S.C.Picture: National Archives |
| **Battle of New Orleans** | Final major battle of the War of 1812. American forces, General Andrew Jackson, defeated an invading British Army. | Bird’s-Eye View of the Battle near New Orleans, January 8, 1815. Copy of engraving from a sketch by Latour, Jackson’s chief engineer.Docs Teach |
| **Star-Spangled-Banner** | A poem written by Francis Scott Key, after witnessing the bombardment of Fort McHenry by the British Royal Navy ships in Chesapeake Bay during the Battle of Fort McHenry in the War of 1812. | The Star spangled banner : national songLibrary of Congress Prints and Photographs Division |
| **Treaty of Ghent** | The peace treaty that ended the War of 1812 between the United States of America and the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland. | [Treaty of Ghent] Treaty of Peace and Amity Between the United States and Great BritainDocs Teach |
| **Nationalism** | A strong identification of a group of individuals with a political entity defined in national terms. | Betsy Ross making the first flag, 1776Docs Teach |
| **Sectionalism** | This is loyalty to the interests of one's own region or section of the country, rather than the nation as a whole. Often caused by differing opinions. | The four Rips; or, twenty years behind the ageLibrary of Congress Prints and Photographs Division |
| **Era of Good Feelings** | A period in United States political history of one party rule. It lasted approximately 1816-1824, during the administration of U.S. President James Monroe, who deliberately downplayed partisanship | James Monroe. Copy of painting by Gilbert StuartPicture: National Archives |